**ATLANTIC STURGEON**  
(06/05 ARCHIVE - NCDMF)

**Stock Status - Overfished** - The ASMFC is responsible for managing this species and considers the stocks to be depleted along the Atlantic coast. Landings have been low since 1960. In 1991, the N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission made it illegal to possess sturgeon in North Carolina.

**Average Commercial Landings and Value 1995-2004** - 0

**2004 Commercial Landings and Value** - 0

**Average Recreational Landings 1995-2004** - 0

**Average Number of Award Citations 1995-2004** - 0

**Status of Fisheries Management Plan** - In North Carolina, sturgeon is currently included in the Interjurisdictional Fisheries Management Plan, which defers to ASMFC FMP compliance requirements. In 1990, ASMFC adopted a Fisheries Management Plan for Atlantic Sturgeon. The goal was to restore sturgeon to fishable abundance throughout its range. As of April 1998, all Atlantic coast states had implemented total closures in state waters. An amendment to the plan was passed in June 1998. Objectives of the amendment are to establish at least 20 protected year classes of females in each spawning stock. In May 1999, the National Marine Fisheries Service extended the ban on sturgeon fishing into federal waters. Addendum 1 to Amendment 1 (passed in 2001) allowed for the importation of non-indigenous Atlantic sturgeon and to permit development of private aquaculture facilities for this species.

**Data and Research Needs** - Monitor population status through juvenile indices and abundance and age composition of spawning population, characterize the incidence of bycatch in various fisheries and associated mortalities, conduct tag/recapture studies for estimates of bycatch loss.

**Current Minimum Size Limits** - None. No possession of sturgeon allowed.

**Harvest Season (2005)** - None. Total coast-wide moratorium.

**Size and Age at Maturity** - Not known for North Carolina. Males in Florida first mature at 7 years -10 years, whereas males in the Hudson River mature at age 12 or older. Youngest females in the Hudson River were 18 years-19 years; average age was 20 years. Mature males in New York were 47 inches-78 inches FL and females were 71 inches-94 inches FL.

**Historical and Current Maximum Age** - 60 years/ 40 years

**Juvenile Abundance Indices Average** - None available

**Habits/Habitats** - Anadromous species that requires upriver access to fresh water to have spawning success. Juveniles generally remain in rivers and estuaries for first 6 years before migrating into the ocean to mature.

For more information, see [DMF Species Leads page](#)